

Blueprint: A Toolchain for Highly Reconfigurable Microservice Applications

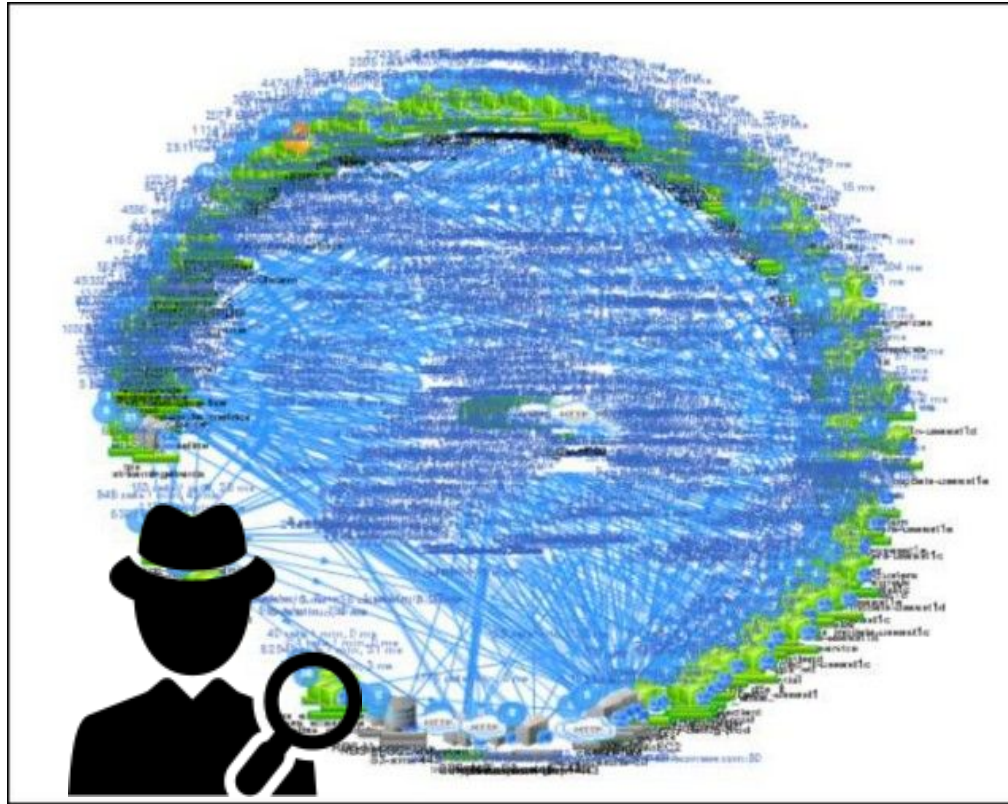
Vaastav Anand, Deepak Garg, Antoine Kaufmann, Jonathan Mace



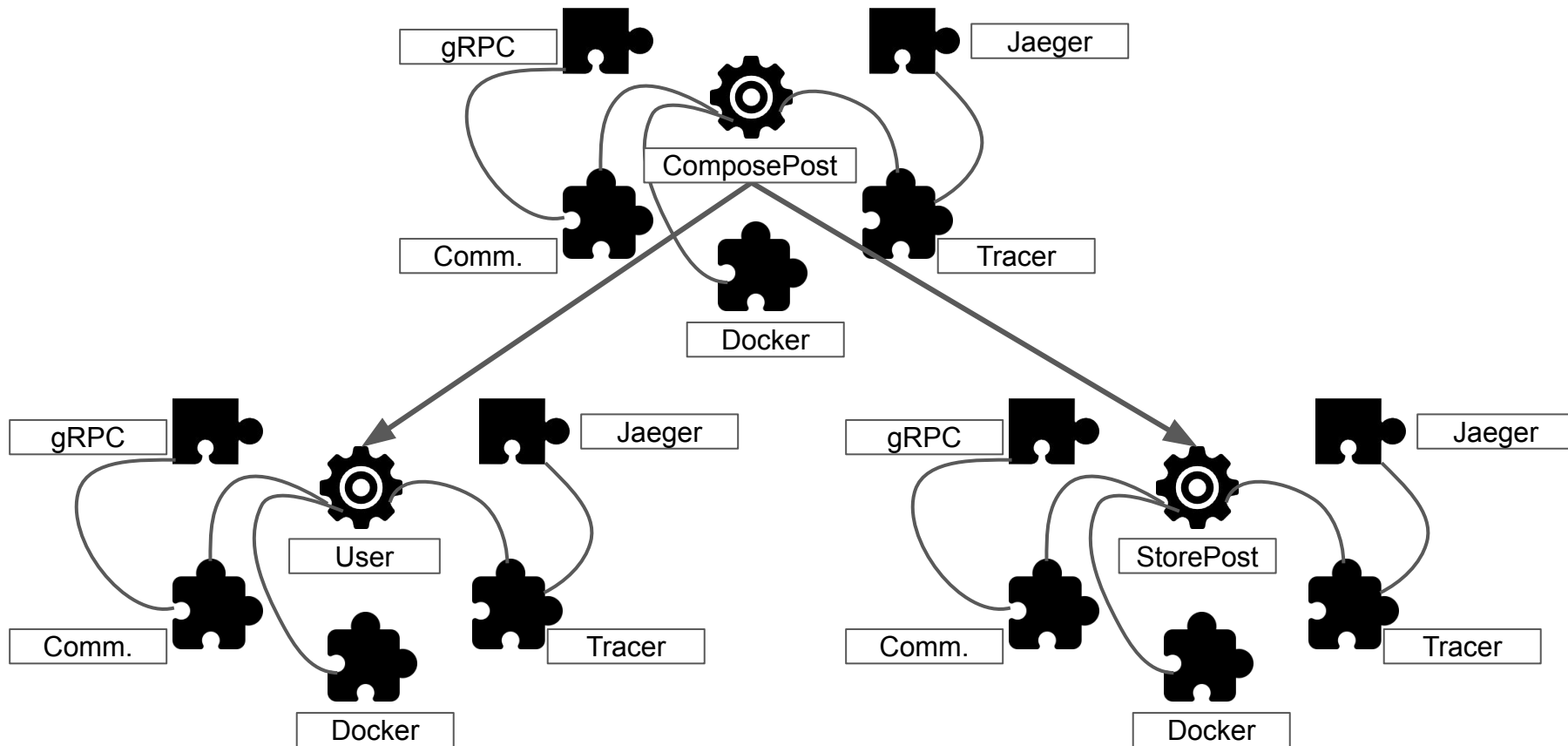
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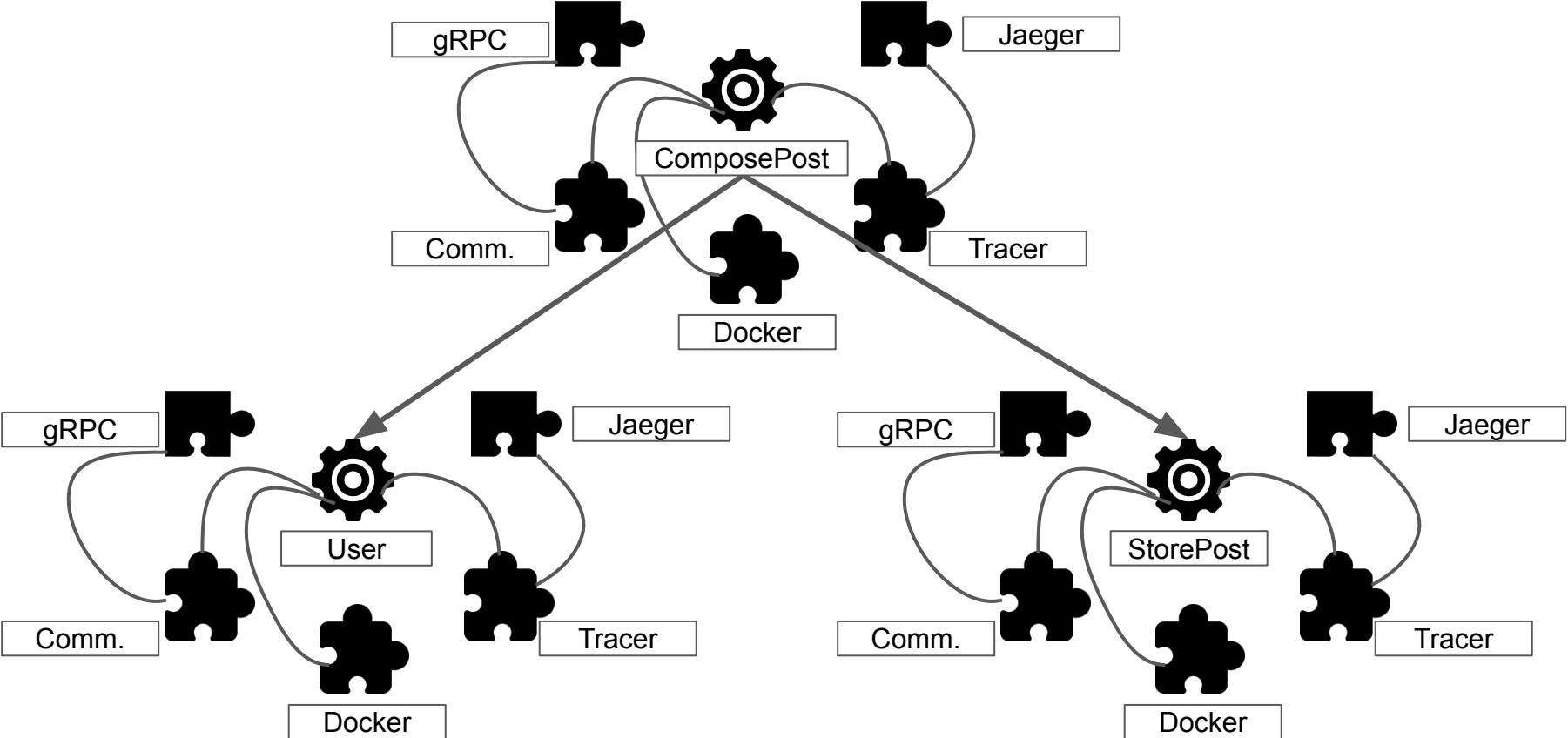
A Typical Microservice Application



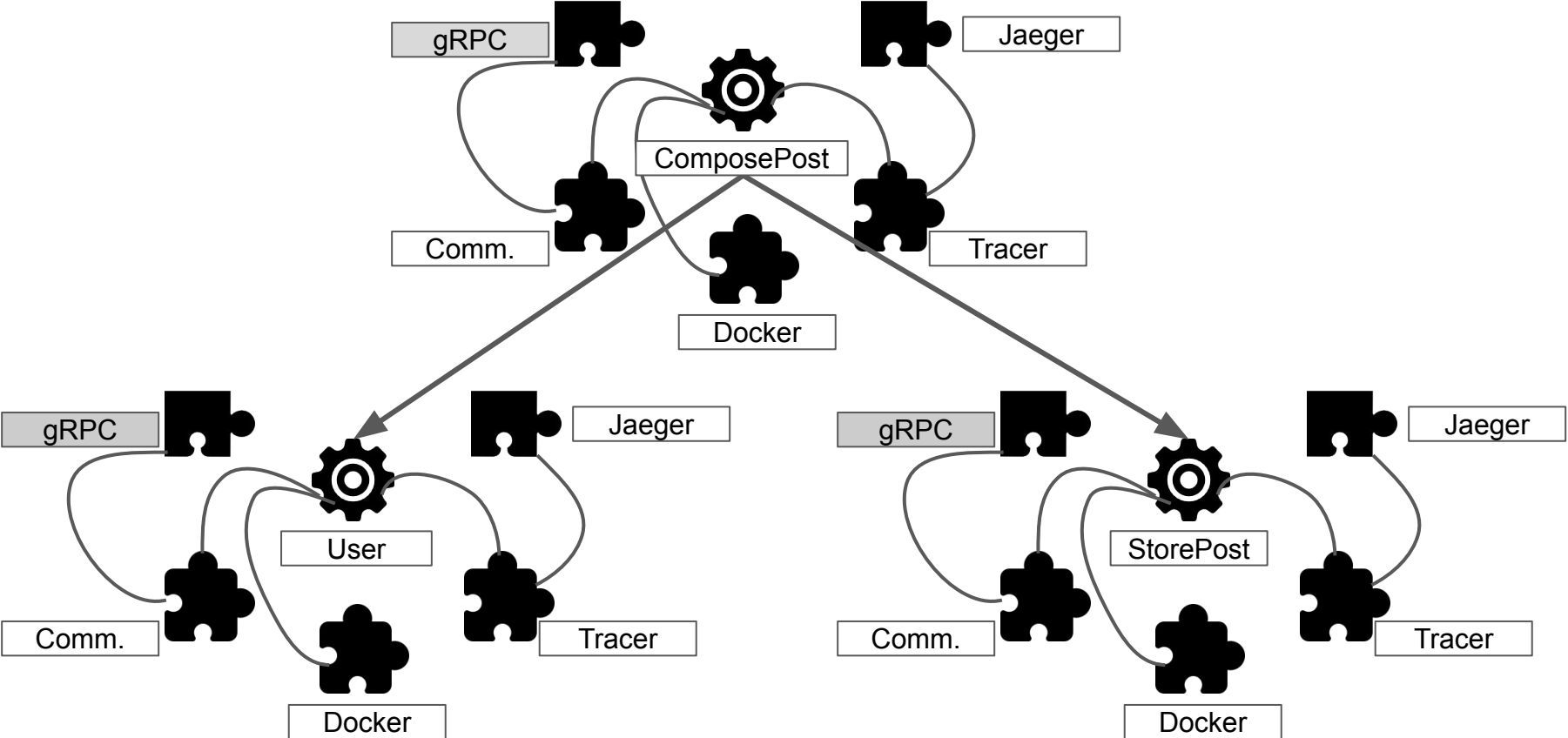
A Typical Microservice



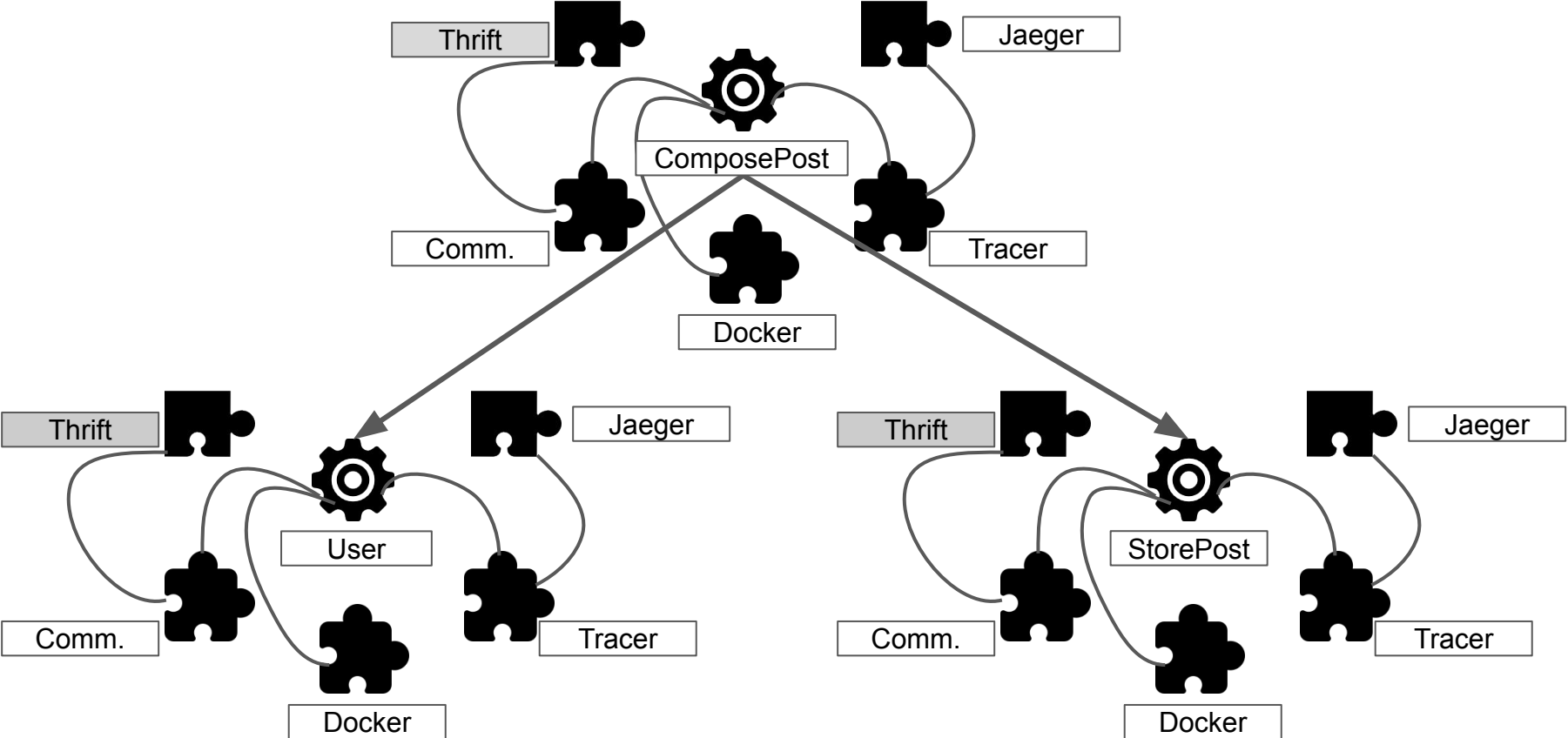
Microservice research requires modifications



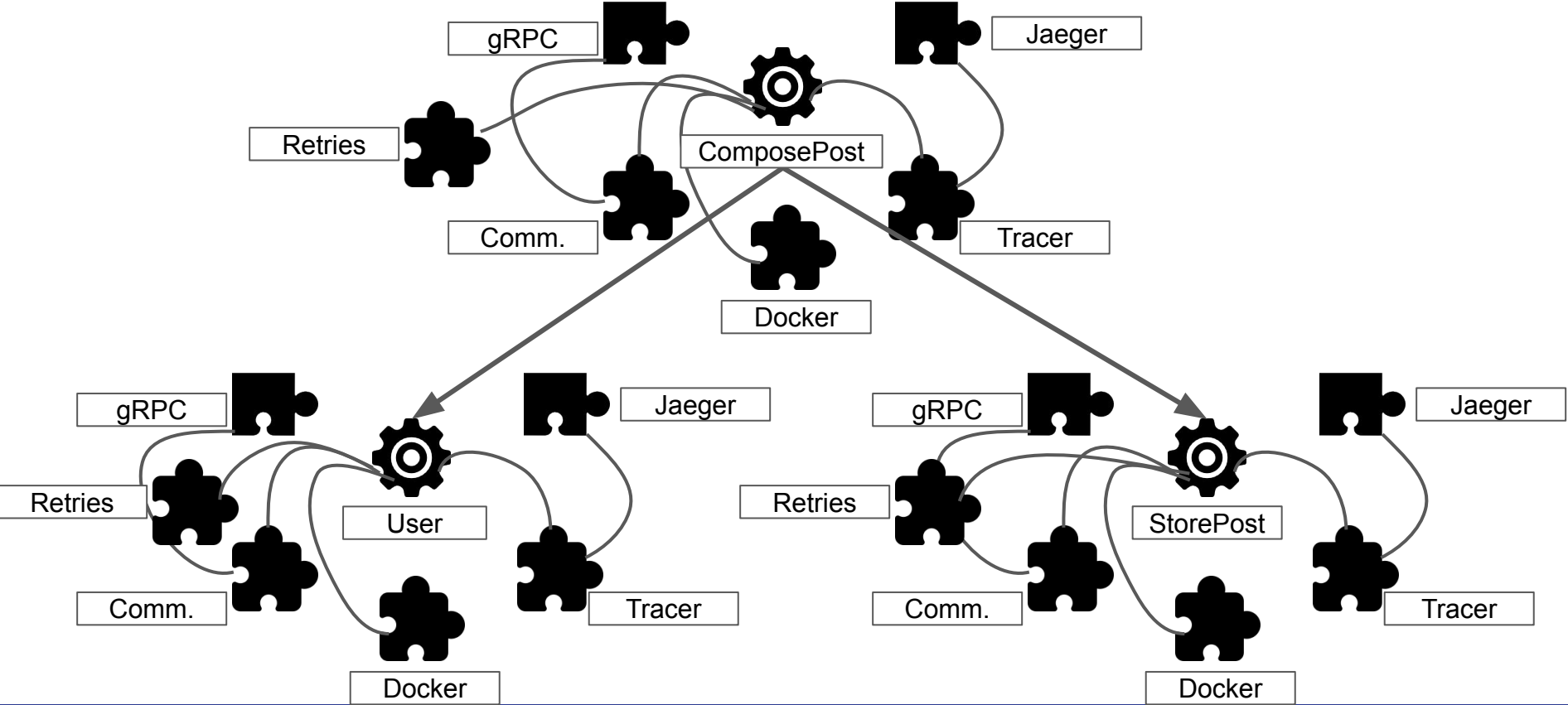
Microservice research requires modifications



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Microservice research requires modifications



Blueprint Overview

Blueprint: a **toolchain** for building **reconfigurable** microservice apps

- ❖ Change aspects of **the design of the system**
- ❖ **Generate** implementations corresponding to different designs

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Blueprint: a **toolchain** for building **reconfigurable** microservice apps

- ❖ Change aspects of **the design of the system**
- ❖ **Generate** implementations corresponding to different designs

Why do we need Blueprint?

A Typical Microservice is **Inflexible!**



```
using json = nlohmann::json;
using std::chrono::duration_cast;
using std::chrono::milliseconds;
using std::chrono::system_clock;

class ComposePostHandler : public ComposePostServiceIf {
public:
    ComposePostHandler(ClientPool<ThriftClient<PostStorageServiceClient>> *,
        TextServiceReturn ComposePostHandler::_ComposeTextHelper(
            int64_t req_id, const std::string &text,
            const std::map<std::string, std::string> &carrier) {
        TextMapReader reader(carrier);
        auto parent_span = opentracing::Tracer::Global()->Extract(reader);
        auto span = opentracing::Tracer::Global()->StartSpan(
            "compose_text_client", {opentracing::ChildOf(parent_span->get())});
        std::map<std::string, std::string> writer_text_map;
        TextMapWriter writer(writer_text_map);
        opentracing::Tracer::Global()->Inject(span->context(), writer);

        auto text_client_wrapper = _text_service_client_pool->Pop();
        if (!text_client_wrapper) {
            ServiceException se;
            se.errorCode = ErrorCode::SE_THRIFT_CONN_ERROR;
            se.message = "Failed to connect to text-service";
            LOG(error) << se.message;
        };
        span->Finish();
        throw se;
    }

    auto text_client = text_client_wrapper->GetClient();
    TextServiceReturn _return_text;
    try {
        text_client->ComposeText(_return_text, req_id, text, writer);
    } catch (...) {
        LOG(error) << "Failed to send compose-text to text-service";
        _text_service_client_pool->Remove(text_client_wrapper);
        span->Finish();
        throw;
    }
    _text_service_client_pool->Keepalive(text_client_wrapper);
    span->Finish();
    return _return_text;
}

void _UploadUserTimelineHelper(
    int64_t req_id, int64_t post_id, int64_t user_id, int64_t t_creator,
    const std::map<std::string,

    std::vector<Media> ComposePostHandler::_ComposeMedia(
        int64_t req_id, const std::vector<std::string> &media_ids,
        const std::map<std::string, std::string> &carrier) {
        TextMapReader reader(carrier);
        auto parent_span = opentracing::Tracer::Global()->Extract(reader);
        auto span = opentracing::Tracer::Global()->StartSpan(
            "compose_media_client", {opentracing::ChildOf(parent_span->get())});
        std::map<std::string, std::string> writer_text_map;
        TextMapWriter writer(writer_text_map);
        opentracing::Tracer::Global()->Inject(span->context(), writer);

        auto media_client_wrapper = _media_service_client_pool->Pop();
        if (!media_client_wrapper) {
            ServiceException se;
            se.errorCode = ErrorCode::SE_THRIFT_CONN_ERROR;
            se.message = "Failed to connect to media-service";
            LOG(error) << se.message;
        };
        span->Finish();
        throw se;
    }

    auto media_client = media_client_wrapper->GetClient();
    std::vector<Media> _return_media;
    try {
        media_client->ComposeMedia(_return_media, req_id, media_ids,
            writer_text_map);
    } catch (...) {
        LOG(error) << "Failed to send compose-media to media-service";
        _media_service_client_pool->Remove(media_client_wrapper);
        span->Finish();
        throw;
    }
    _media_service_client_pool->Keepalive(media_client_wrapper);
    span->Finish();
    return _return_media;
}

int64_t ComposePostHandler::_UploadPostHelper(
    int64_t req_id, const Post &post,
    const std::map<std::string, std::string> &carrier) {
    TextMapReader reader(carrier);
    auto parent_span = opentracing::Tracer::Global()->Extract(reader);
    auto span = opentracing::Tracer::Global()->StartSpan(
        "store_post_client", {opentracing::ChildOf(parent_span->get())});
    std::map<std::string, std::string> writer_text_map;
    TextMapWriter writer(writer_text_map);
    opentracing::Tracer::Global()->Inject(span->context(), writer);

    auto post_storage_client_wrapper = _post_storage_client_pool->Pop();
    if (!post_storage_client_wrapper) {
        ServiceException se;
        se.errorCode = ErrorCode::SE_THRIFT_CONN_ERROR;
        se.message = "Failed to connect to post-storage-service";
        LOG(error) << se.message;
    };
    span->Finish();
    throw se;
}

    auto post_storage_client = post_storage_client_wrapper->GetClient();
    try {
        post_storage_client->StorePost(req_id, post, writer_text_map);
    } catch (...) {
        _post_storage_client_pool->Remove(post_storage_client_wrapper);
        LOG(error) << "Failed to store post to post-storage-service";
        throw;
    }
    _post_storage_client_pool->Keepalive(post_storage_client_wrapper);
    span->Finish();
}
```

Microservice Components are tightly coupled



ComposePost



User

```
Creator ComposePostHandler::_ComposeCreatorHelper(
    int64_t req_id, int64_t user_id, const std::string &username,
    const std::map<std::string, std::string> &carrier) {
    TextMapReader reader(carrier);
    auto parent_span = opentracing::Tracer::Global()->Extract(reader);
    auto span = opentracing::Tracer::Global()->StartSpan(
        "compose_creator_client", {opentracing::ChildOf(parent_span->get())});
    std::map<std::string, std::string> writer_text_map;
    TextMapWriter writer(writer_text_map);
    opentracing::Tracer::Global()->Inject(span->context(), writer);

    auto user_client_wrapper = _user_service_client_pool->Pop();
    if (!user_client_wrapper) {
        ServiceException se;
        se.errorCode = ErrorCode::SE_THRIFT_CONN_ERROR;
        se.message = "Failed to connect to user-service";
        LOG(error) << se.message;
        span->Finish();
        throw se;
    }

    auto user_client = user_client_wrapper->GetClient();
    Creator _return_creator;
    try {
        user_client->ComposeCreatorWithUserId(_return_creator, req_id, user_id,
                                             username, writer_text_map);
    } catch (...) {
        LOG(error) << "Failed to send compose-creator to user-service";
        _user_service_client_pool->Remove(user_client_wrapper);
        span->Finish();
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    }
    _user_service_client_pool->Keepalive(user_client_wrapper);
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    auto user_client = user_client_wrapper->GetClient();
    Creator _return_creator;

    user_client->ComposeCreatorWithUserId(_return_creator, req_id, user_id,
        username, writer_text_map);

} catch (...) {
    LOG(error) << "Failed to send compose-creator to user-service";
    user_service_client_pool->Remove(user_client_wrapper);
    span->Finish();
    throw;
}

user_service_client_pool->Keepalive(user_client_wrapper);
span->Finish();
return _return_creator;
}
```

Tracing

Clientpools
+ Thrift

Microservice Components are tightly coupled



ComposePost

The outgoing call!



User

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    }

    auto user_client = user_client_wrapper->GetClient();
    Creator _return_creator;

    user_client->ComposeCreatorWithUserId(_return_creator, req_id, user_id,
        username, writer_text_map);
} catch (...) {
    LOG(error) << "Failed to send compose-creator to user-service";
    user_service_client_pool->Remove(user_client_wrapper);
    span->Finish();
    throw;
}
user_service_client_pool->Keepalive(user_client_wrapper);
span->Finish();
return _return_creator;
}
```

Tracing

Clientpools
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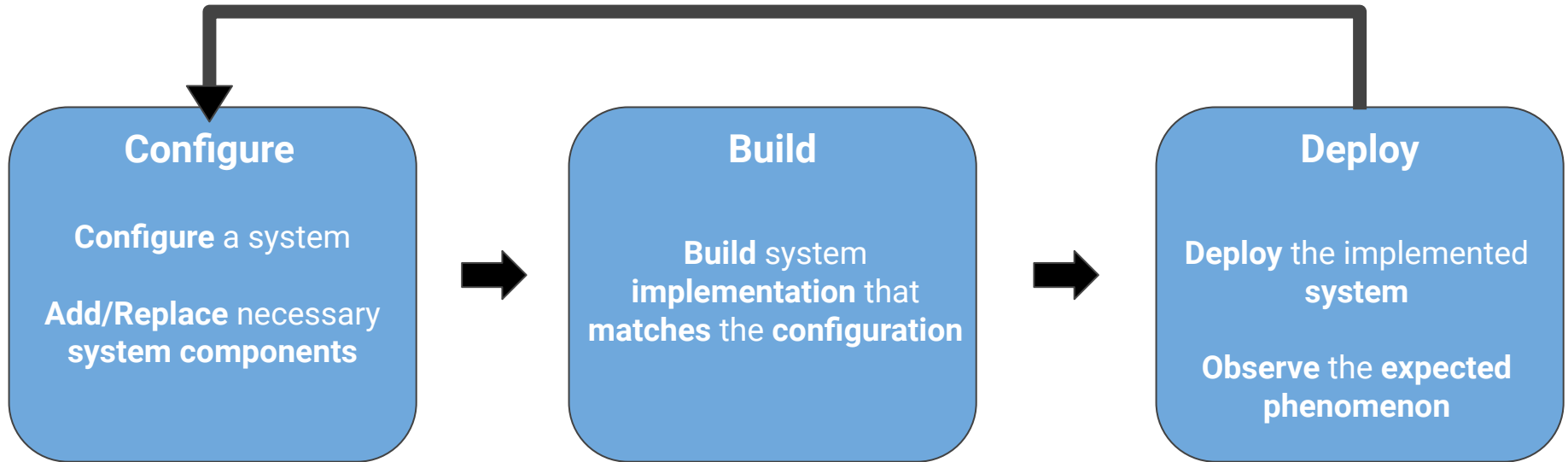
Modifications are time-consuming

Modifying systems requires high technical **implementation effort**

- Changes can be **deep in the infrastructure**
 - eg: changing 1 service from thrift to grpc in DeathStarBench-socialnetwork: >1000 LoC
- Changes can be **cross-cutting**
 - eg: adding xtrace support to DeathStarBench-socialnetwork: 1289 LoC



Microservice research requires **Configure, Build, Deploy**



Blueprint Contributions

Blueprint enables **Configure, Build, Deploy** as a first-class use-case

- **Set of abstractions** to simplify implementing and modifying apps
- **Novel compiler** to generate variant implementations

Blueprint Contributions

Blueprint enables **Configure, Build, Deploy** as a first-class use-case

- **Set of abstractions** to simplify implementing and modifying apps
- **Novel compiler** to generate variant implementations

Blueprint **reduces manual effort** for modifying systems

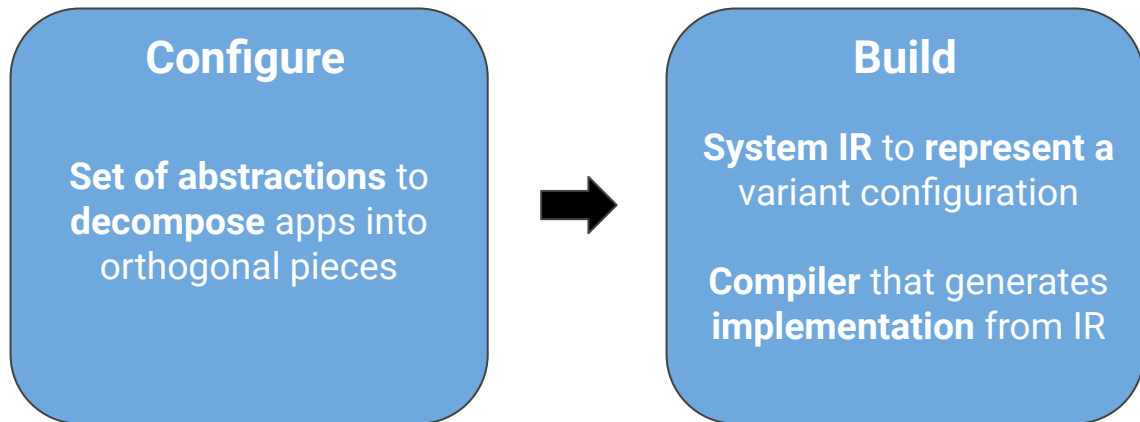
- **5-7x reduction** in implementation effort for developing applications
- Re-configuring systems takes few lines of code changes
 - eg: **1 line modified** to change the RPC framework

How does Blueprint enable Configure, Build, Deploy?

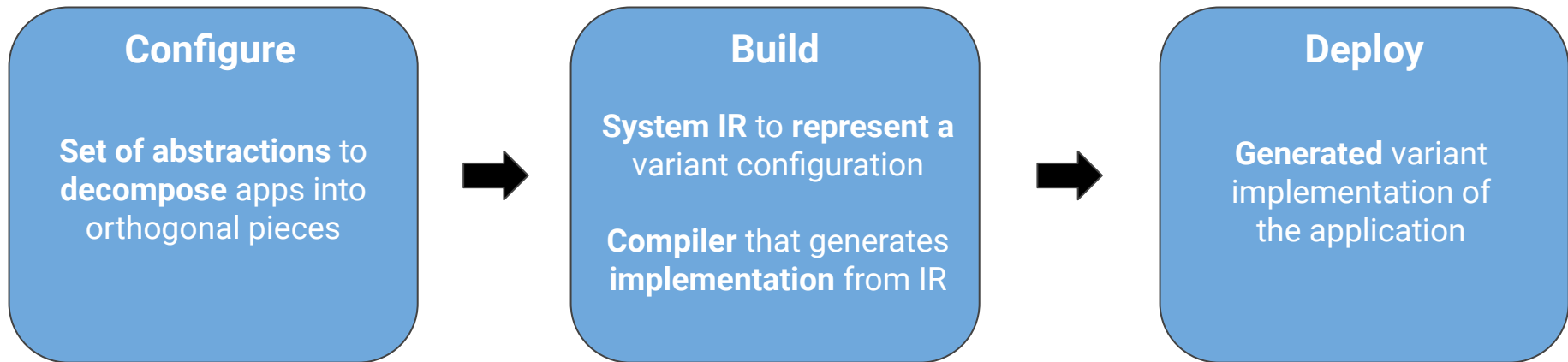
Configure

Set of abstractions to decompose apps into orthogonal pieces

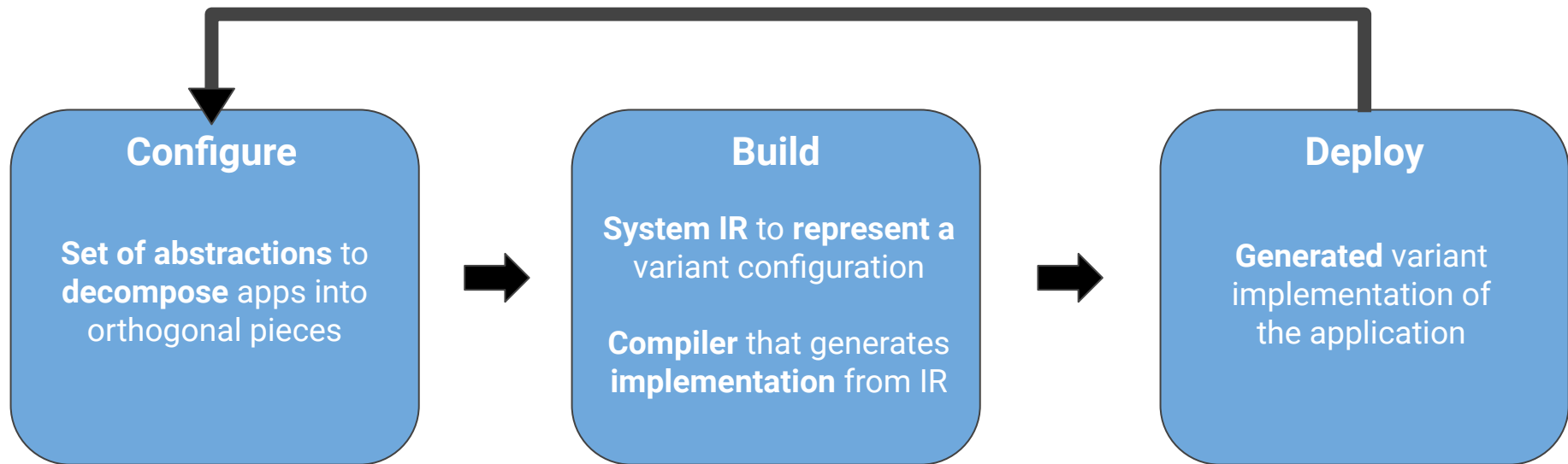
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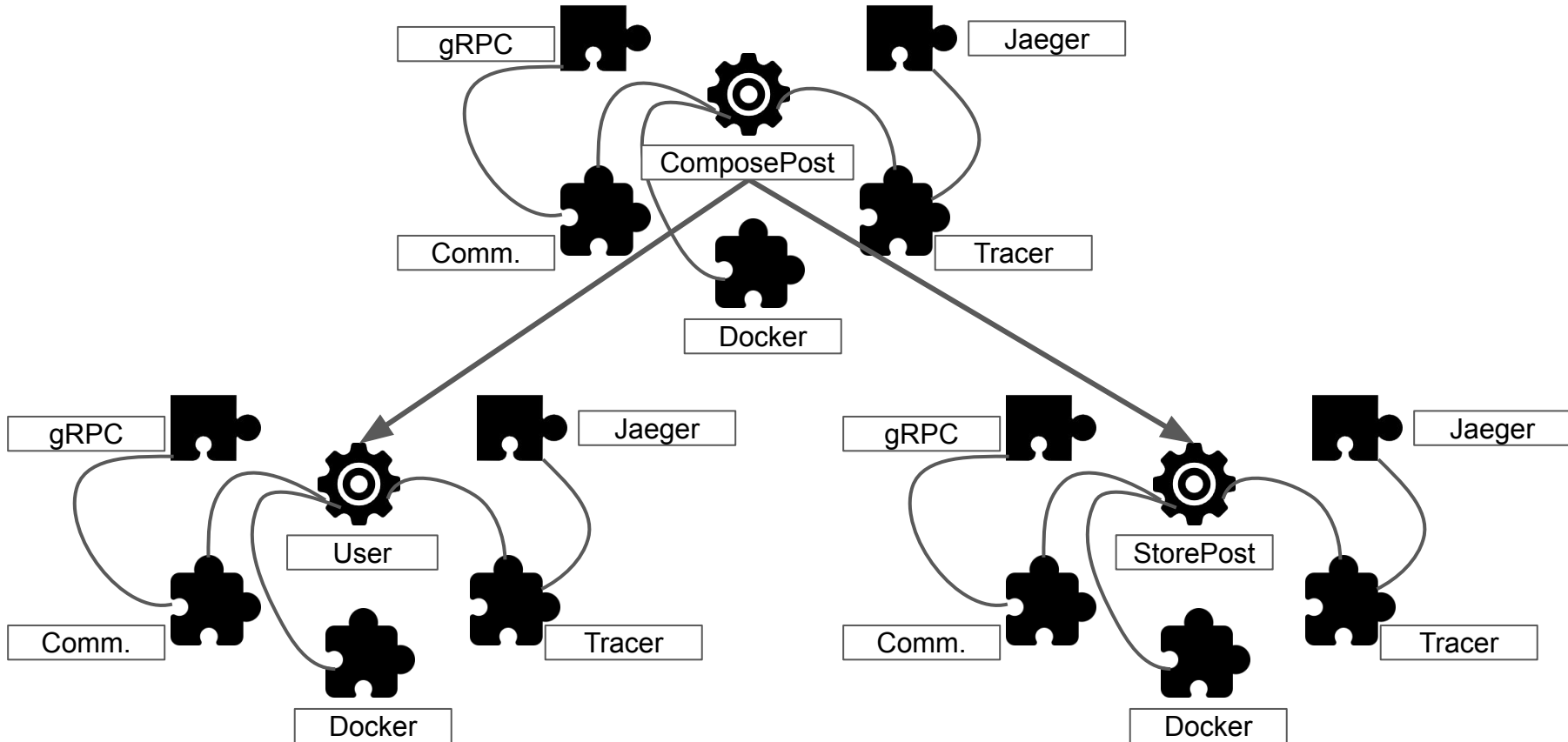
How does Blueprint enable Configure, Build, Deploy?



Key Idea: Decouple Application into three pieces



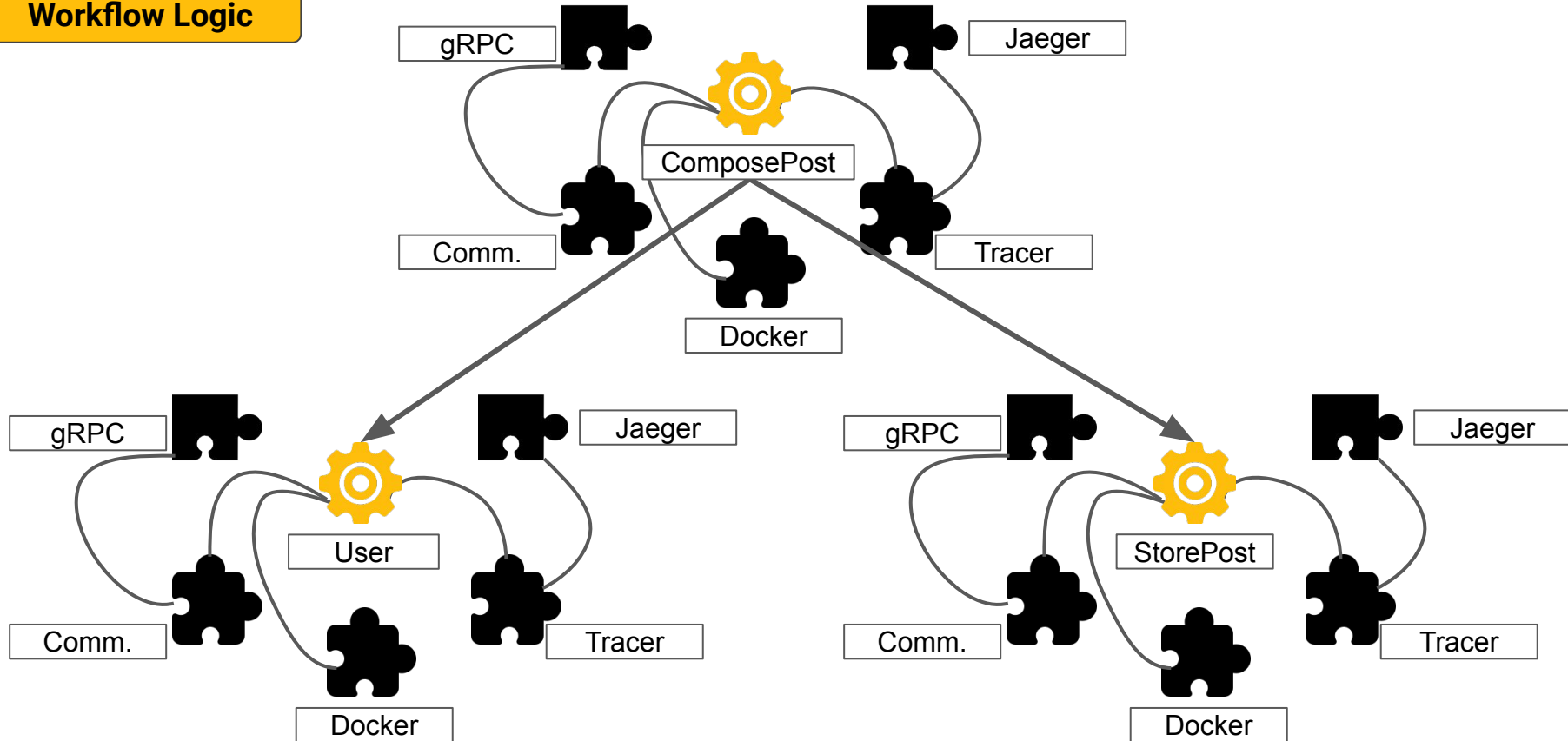
Key Idea: Decouple Application into three pieces



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Workflow Logic

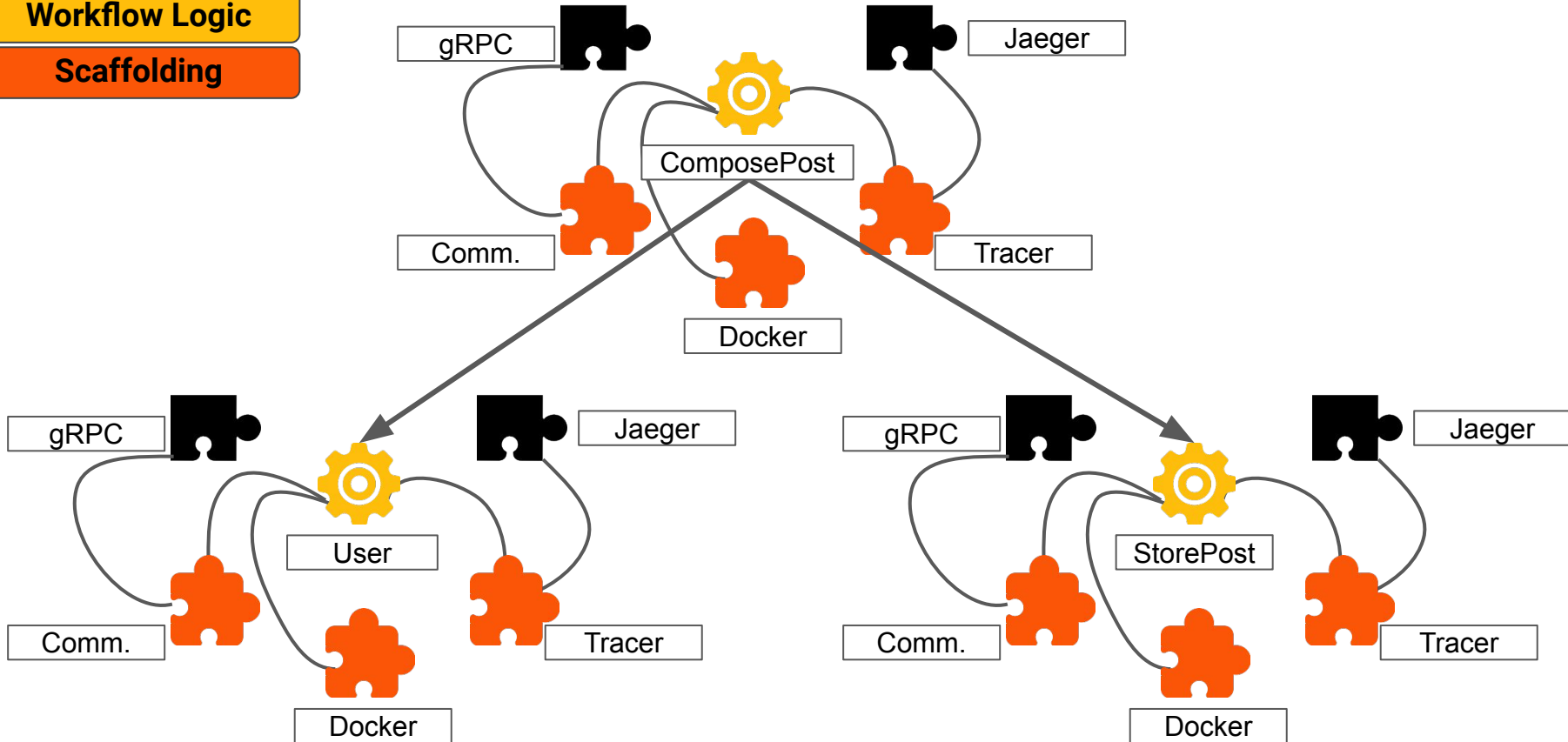


Key Idea: Decouple Application into three pieces



Workflow Logic

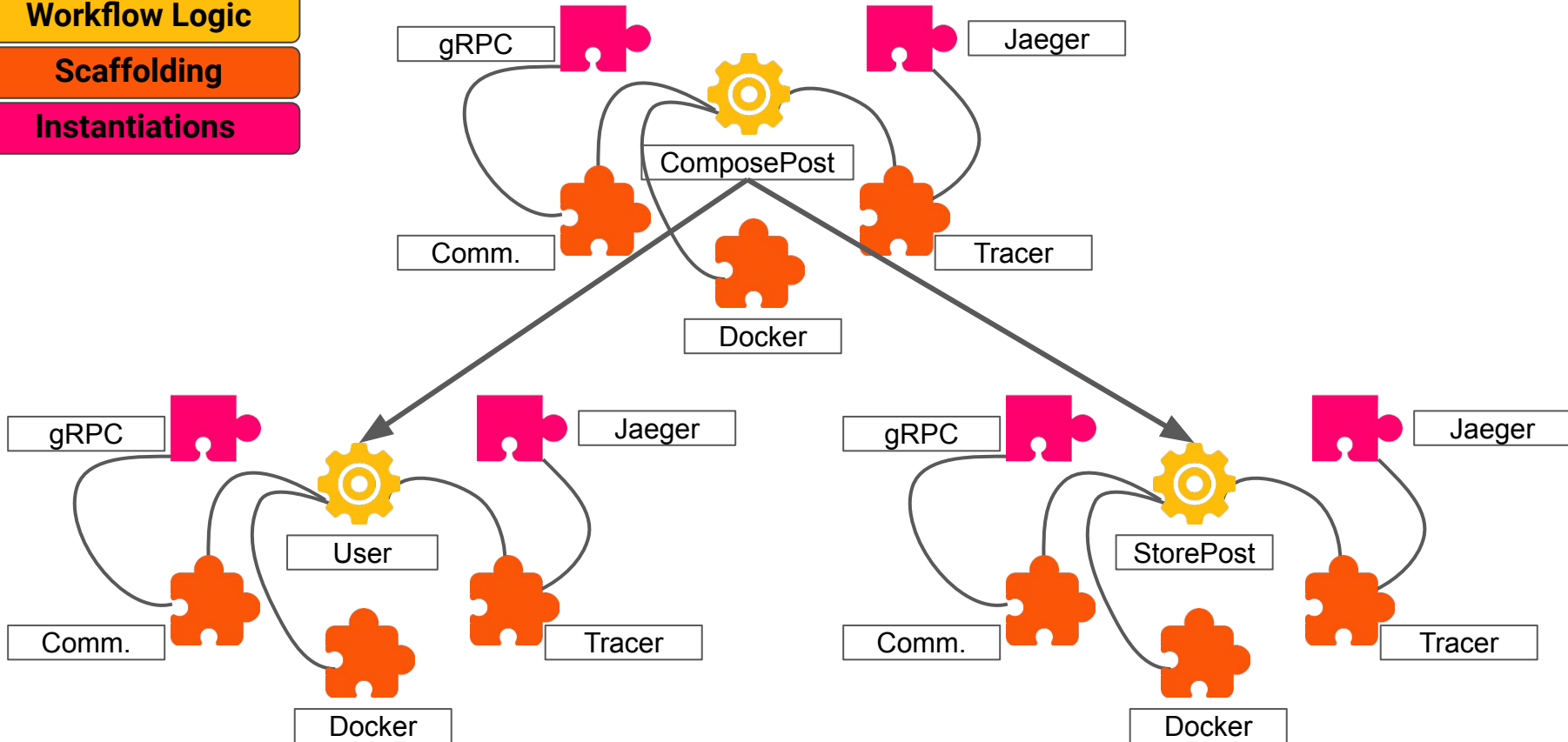
Scaffolding



Key Idea: Decouple Application into three pieces



- Workflow Logic**
- Scaffolding**
- Instantiations**

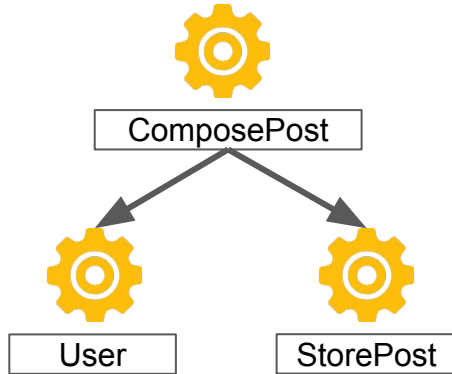


Separate 3 pieces into 2 input specs



Workflow Spec

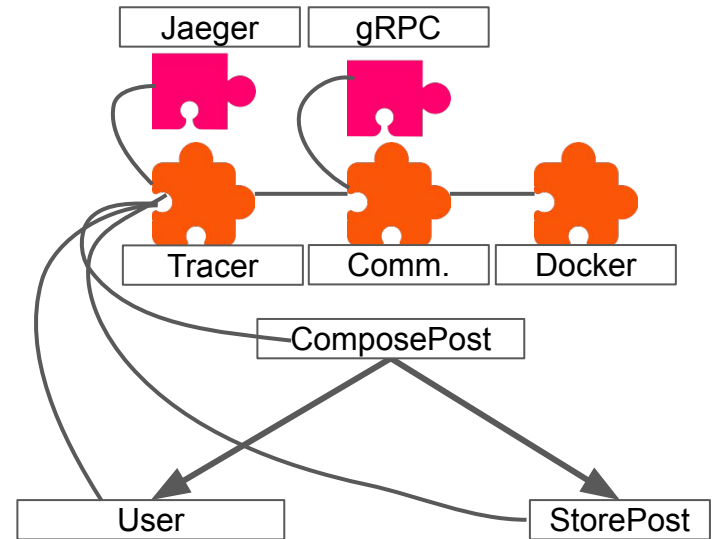
Workflow Logic



Wiring Spec

Scaffolding

Instantiations

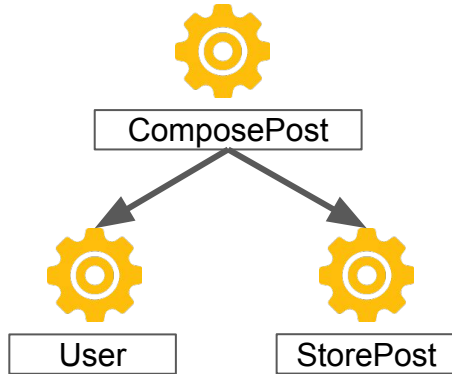


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Workflow Spec

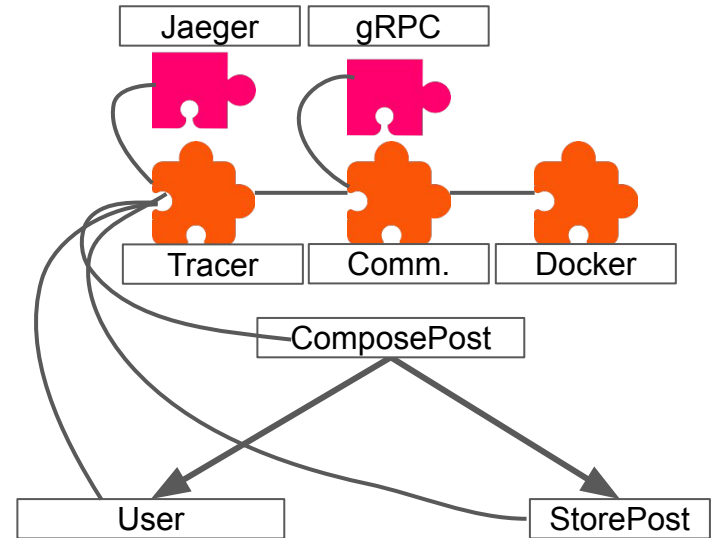
Workflow Logic



Wiring Spec

Scaffolding

Instantiations



Workflow spec requires minimal effort



Workflow spec requires minimal effort

```
1 type ComposePostService interface {
2   ComposePost(userID int64, text postContent) error
3 }
4 type ComposePostImpl struct {
5   postStorageService PostStorageService
6   userService UserService
7 }
8 func NewComposePostImpl(ps PostStorageService, us UserService) *
9   ComposePostService {
10  return &ComposePostImpl{ps, us}
11 }
12 func (c *ComposePostImpl) ComposePost(userID int64, text
13   postContent) error {
14   creator, err := c.userService.GetUser(userID)
15   post := Post{Creator: creator, Text: text}
16   return c.postStorageService.StorePost(post)
17 }
```

Workflow spec requires minimal effort

Contains the
service
declarations

```

type ComposePostService interface {
    ComposePost(userID int64, text postContent) error
}

```

```

type ComposePostImpl struct {
    postStorageService PostStorageService
    userService UserService
}

```

```

8 func NewComposePostImpl(ps PostStorageService, us UserService)
    ComposePostService {
9     return &ComposePostImpl{ps, us}
10 }
11 func (c *ComposePostImpl) ComposePost(userID int64, text
    postContent) error {
12     creator, err := c.userService.GetUser(userID)
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```

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10     ComposePostService {  
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```

Dependencies
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Workflow spec requires minimal effort

Contains the service declarations

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11 }
```

Each function can be implemented in a few lines

```
func (c *ComposePostImpl) ComposePost(userID int64, text  
  postContent) error {  
  creator, err := c.userService.GetUser(userID)  
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```

Dependencies are passed as parameters to the constructor

Workflow spec requires minimal effort

Contains the service declarations

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5     postStorageService PostStorageService
6     userService UserService
7 }
8 func NewComposePostImpl(postStorageService PostStorageService, userService UserService) *
9     ComposePostService {
10 }

```

The outgoing call!

Dependencies are passed as parameters to the constructor

Each function can be implemented in a few lines

```

func (c *ComposePostImpl) ComposePost(userID int64, text postContent) error {
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}

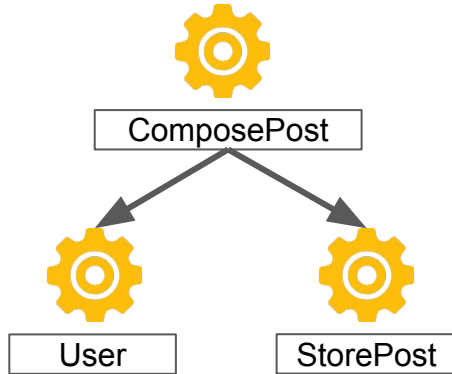
```

Separate 3 pieces into 2 input specs



Workflow Spec

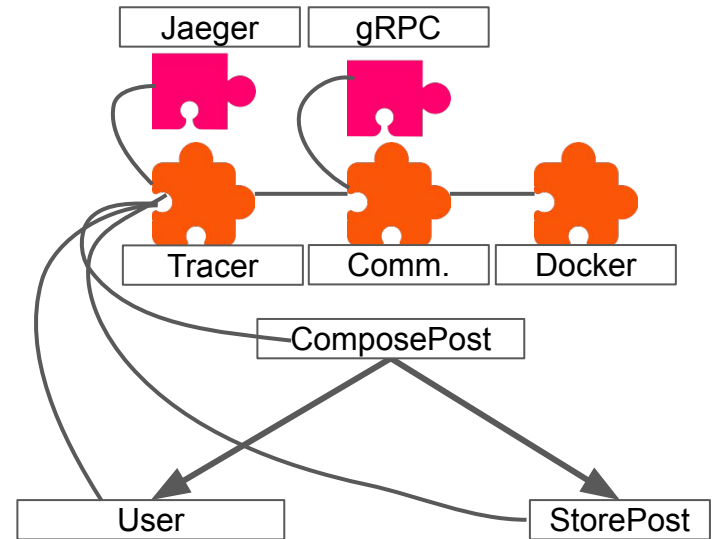
Workflow Logic



Wiring Spec

Scaffolding

Instantiations

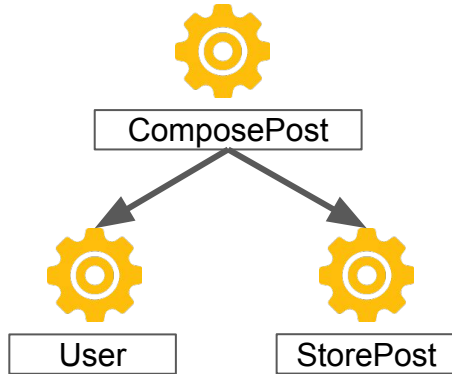


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Workflow Spec

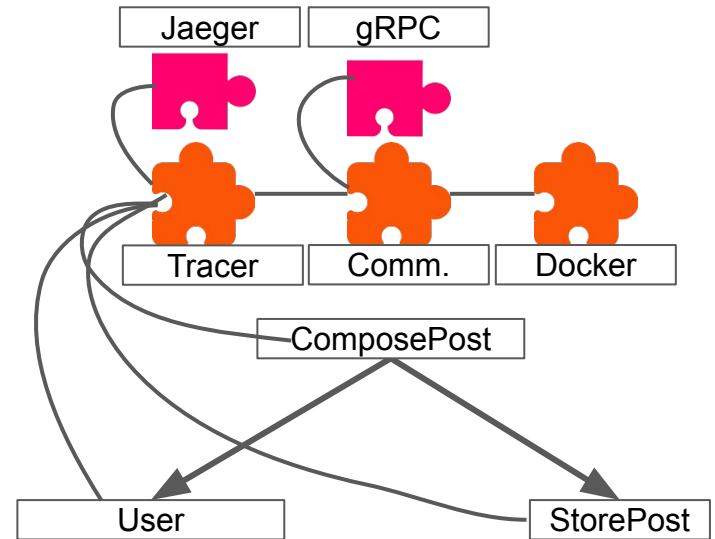
Workflow Logic



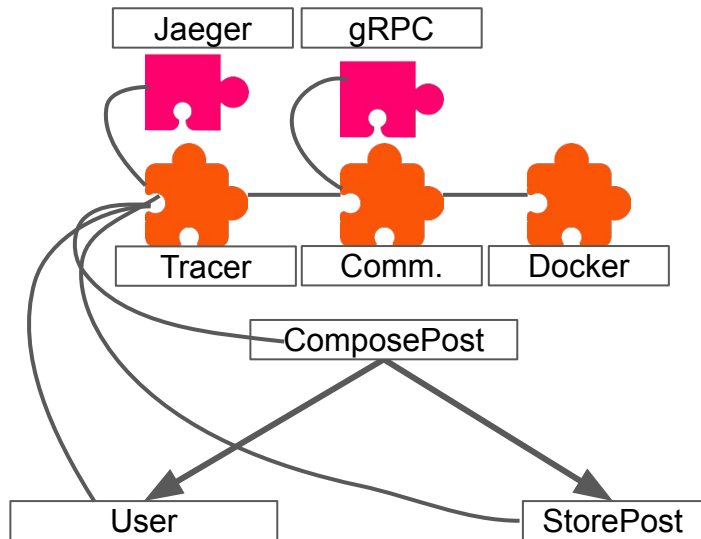
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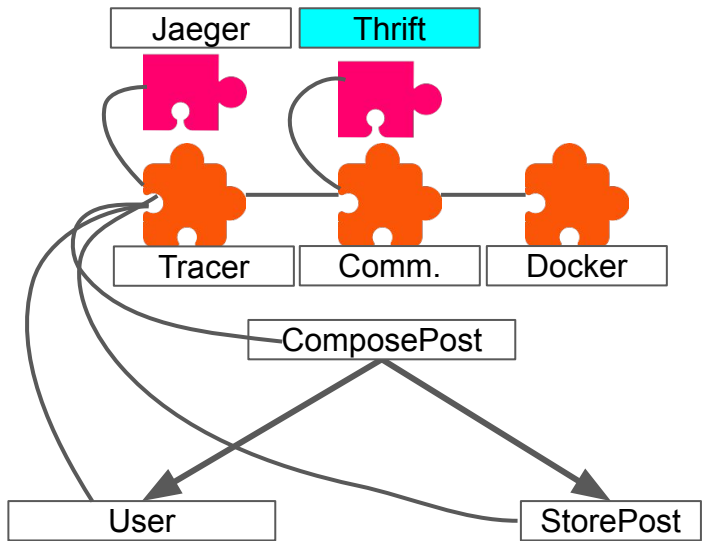


Wiring Spec specifies scaffolding and choices



```
1 normal_deployer : Modifier = Docker()
2 rpc_server : Modifier = GRPCServer()
3 tracer : Tracer = JaegerTracer()
4 tracerModifier: Modifier = TracerModifier(tracer=tracer)
5 server_modifiers : List[Modifier] = [rpc_server, normal_deployer,
   tracerModifier]
6 post_cache := Memcached()
7 post_db = MongoDB()
8 user_db = MongoDB()
9 us = UserServiceImpl(user_db).WithServer(server_modifiers)
10 ps = PostStorageServiceImpl(post_cache, post_db).WithServer(
   server_modifiers)
11 c1 = Container(ps, post_cache)
12 cs = ComposePostServiceImpl(ps, us).WithServer(server_modifiers)
```

Wiring Spec specifies scaffolding and choices



```
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```

Change only requires modifications to few lines

Blueprint Compiler

Input: Workflow Spec + Wiring Spec

Output: Implementation of the system

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Output: Implementation of the system

Compilation Procedure:

- Convert input specs to graphical Intermediate Representation (IR)
 - Edges represent dependencies
 - Nodes represent instances, scaffolding, namespaces
- Generate implementation from IR using various plugins
 - Plugins are responsible for generating artifacts (code + config)

Blueprint Compiler

Input: Workflow Spec + Wiring Spec

Output: Implementation of the system

Compilation Procedure:

- Convert input specs to graph representation (IR)
 - Edges represent dependencies
 - Nodes represent instances
- Generate implementation for graph (this is done by plugins)
 - Plugins are responsible for generating code + config)



See Paper for
Details!

Implementation

All features and components implemented in 10K lines of code

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- ❖ Core compiler abstractions in 4K lines of Go code
- ❖ Wiring DSL is a Python-based DSL in 771 LOC.

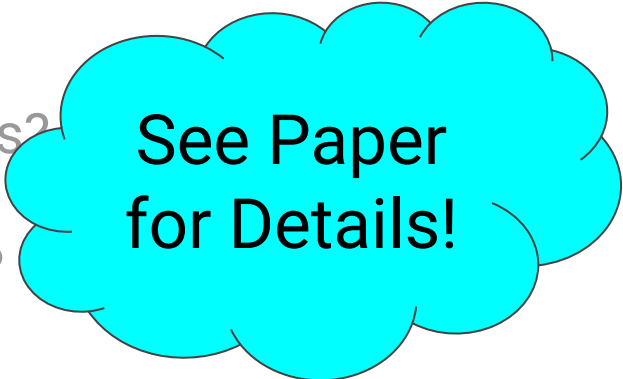
Implemented in Go and Python-based DSL

Evaluation Questions

- ❖ Do Blueprint's abstractions reduce programmer effort?
- ❖ Can Blueprint aid microservices research?
- ❖ Are Blueprint-generated systems realistic?
- ❖ Is Blueprint easy to extend with new features?
- ❖ What is the cost of Blueprint's abstractions?

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for Details!**

Evaluation Questions

- ❖ **Do Blueprint's abstractions reduce programmer effort?**
- ❖ Can Blueprint help aid in microservices research?

Blueprint reduces implementation effort

System Name	Original (LoC)	Workflow Spec (LoC)	Wiring Spec (LoC)	Reduction
DSB-SN	8209			
DSB-HR	5160			
DSB-MM	7794			
TrainTicket	54466			
SockShop	13987			

Blueprint reduces implementation effort

System Name	Original (LoC)	Workflow Spec (LoC)	Wiring Spec (LoC)	Reduction
DSB-SN	8209	1478	57	
DSB-HR	5160	679	63	
DSB-MM	7794	1401	42	
TrainTicket	54466	9639	166	
SockShop	13987	2261	40	

Blueprint reduces implementation effort

System Name	Original (LoC)	Workflow Spec (LoC)	Wiring Spec (LoC)	Reduction
DSB-SN	8209	1478	57	5.4x
DSB-HR	5160	679	63	7.0x
DSB-MM	7794	1401	42	5.4x
TrainTicket	54466	9639	166	5.6x
SockShop	13987	2261	40	6.1x

Blueprint reduces modification effort

Change software design **choices** for **improving performance**

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We modify **HotelReservation** from DeathStarBench

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Change Description	LoC modified
Change RPC framework (grpc->thrift)	1

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Change ClientPoolSize (512->4096)	1

Blueprint reduces modification effort

Change software design **choices** for **improving performance**

We modify **HotelReservation** from DeathStarBench

Change Description	LoC modified
Change RPC framework (grpc->thrift)	1
Change ClientPoolSize (512->4096)	1
Change Service Granularity (Microservice -> Monolith)	9

Evaluation Questions

- ❖ Do Blueprint's abstractions reduce programmer effort?
- ❖ **Can Blueprint help aid in microservices research?**

Can Blueprint aid in researching emergent phenomena?

Elicit phenomena on Blueprint generated **DSB-HR** and **DSB-SN**

- ❖ Generate different **variants** of systems
- ❖ Deploy variants with different **workloads**

Can Blueprint aid in researching emergent phenomena?

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- ❖ Generate different **variants** of systems
- ❖ Deploy variants with different **workloads**

Showcase two different **phenomena**

- ❖ Metastability failures (all 4 types)
- ❖ Cross-System Inconsistency



See Paper
for Details!

Reproducing Type 1 Metastability Failure

Type 1 Metastability Failure

❖ Cause

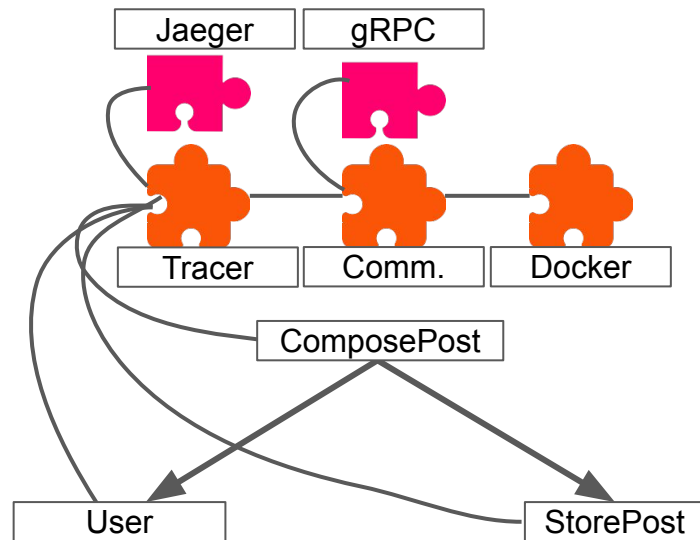
- Increased Load -> More Request Timeouts
- More Timeouts -> More Retries
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- Performance stays degraded!

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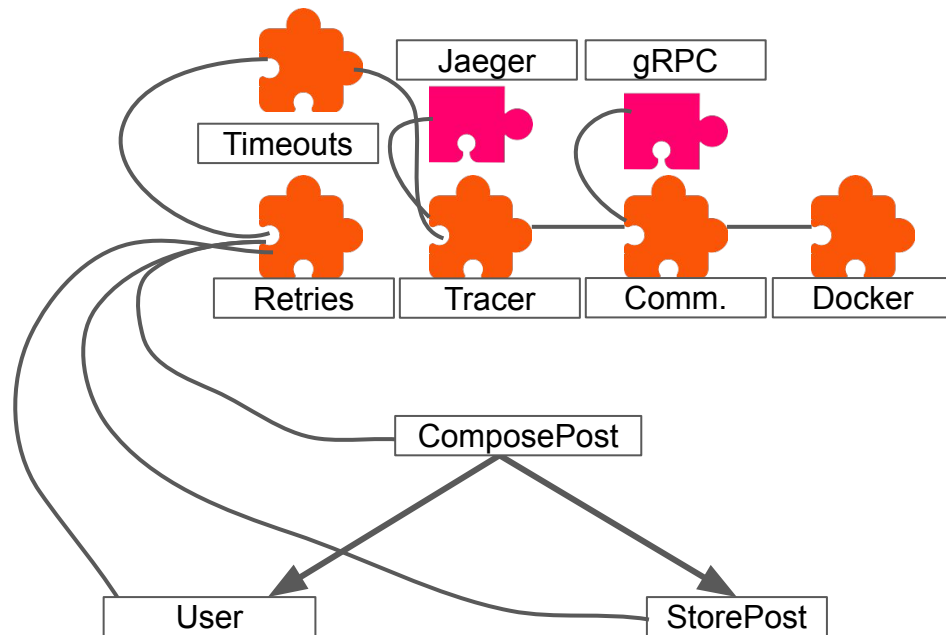
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❖ Cause

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Requires 2 lines of code changes!



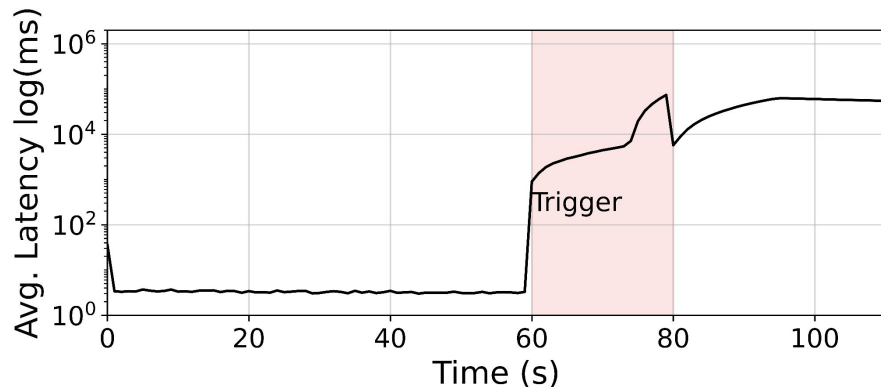
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Solving Type 1 Metastability Failure

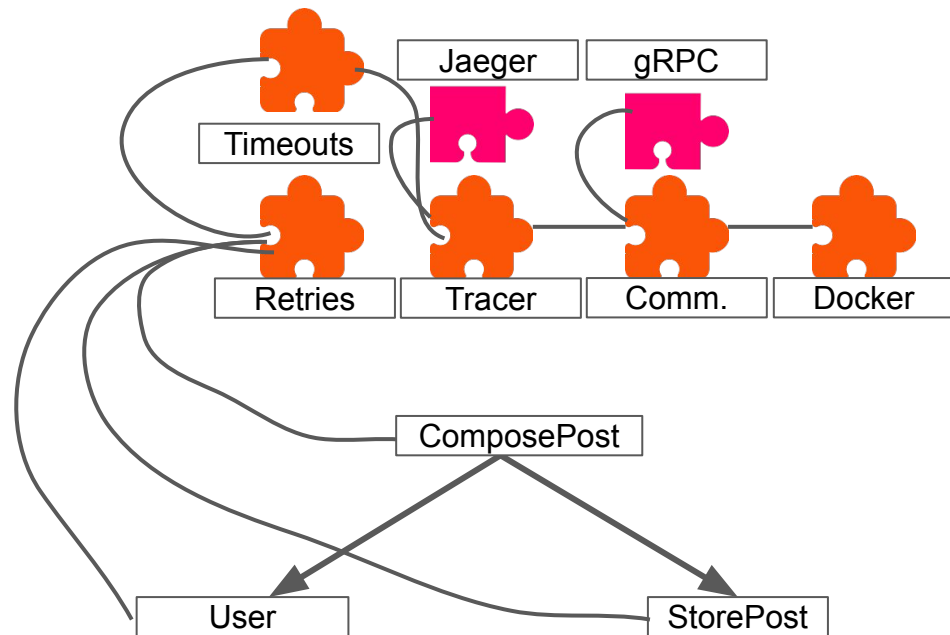
Type 1 Metastability Failure

❖ Cause

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❖ Solution

- Add circuit breakers



Solving Type 1 Metastability Failure

Type 1 Metastability Failure

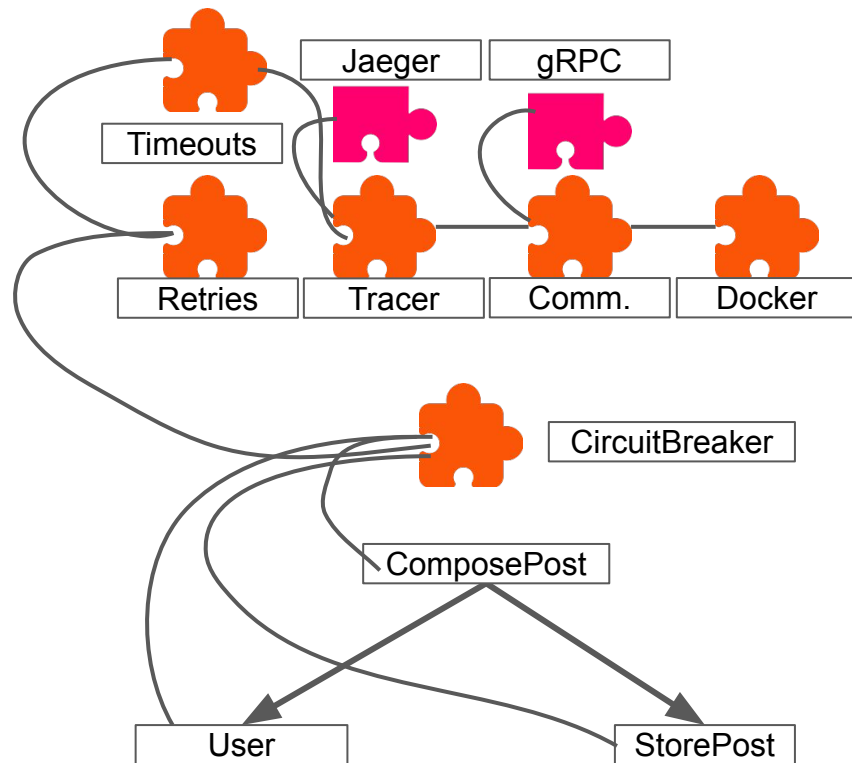
❖ Cause

- Increased Load -> More Request Timeouts
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❖ Solution

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Requires 1 line of code change



Solving Type 1 Metastability Failure

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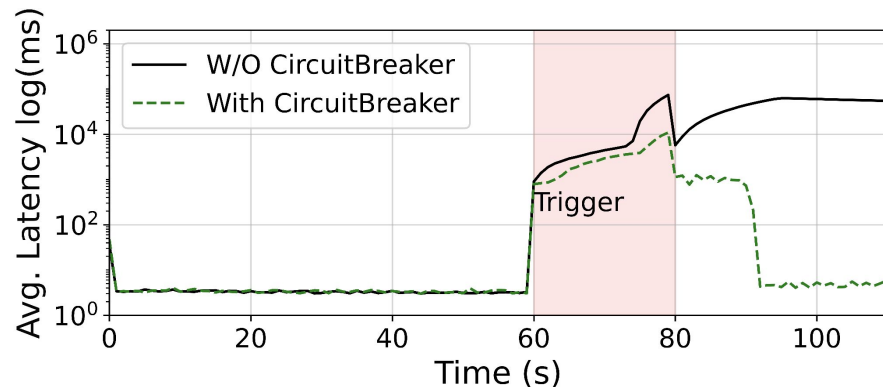
❖ Cause

- Increased Load -> More Request Timeouts
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❖ Solution

- Add circuit breakers
- Prevents Load Persistence

Requires 1 line of code change



Solving Type 1 Metastability Failure

Type 1 Metastability Failure

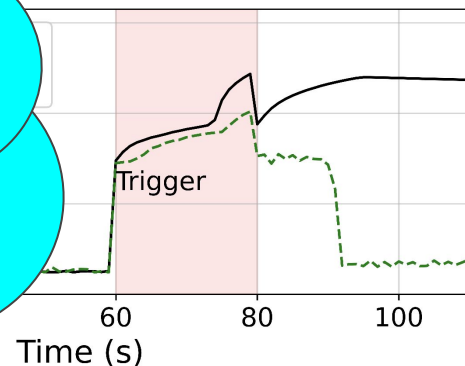
❖ Cause

- Increased Load
- Timeouts
- More Timed
- More Retries
- Performance

❖ Solution

- Add circuit breakers
- Prevents Load Persistence

Blueprint reduces the effort required by researchers to perform experiments



Requires 1 line of code change

Conclusion

Blueprint provides a **toolchain** to **reconfigure, rebuild, and deploy** **microservice** applications

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More Info at <https://blueprint-uservices.github.io/>